

# Sample Practice Assessment Utilities Engineering Technician

| Please write clearly in block capitals below |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Company name                                 |  |  |
| Forename (s)                                 |  |  |
| Last name (s)                                |  |  |
| Date of birth                                |  |  |
| Apprentice number                            |  |  |
| Apprentice signature                         |  |  |
| Date of knowledge test                       |  |  |

# Level: 3 Standard: Utilities Engineering Technician Pathway: Instrumentation Control and Automation

# Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes for 50 questions

### Materials

For this paper you must have:

- Pens
- Scientific calculator (non-programmable)

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page
- Answer **all** questions
- There are questions, possible answers as well as a column for you to mark your answer



- Mark your answer with an against the possible answer you think is correct- if you wish to change your answer please put a line through and re-select with another
- Only one answer per question allowed. Answers which do not follow the rules of selection will be disallowed. This may impact on the grade awarded
- Do all rough work in this answer book

### Below is a Sample:

London is the capital of....

| Example Question |                          |   |  |  |
|------------------|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| Lond             | London is the capital of |   |  |  |
| Poss             | Possible answers Answer  |   |  |  |
| a)               | Wales                    | × |  |  |
| b)               | Scotland                 |   |  |  |
| c)               | Northern Ireland         |   |  |  |
| d)               | England                  | X |  |  |

#### Information

- There are 15 sample questions
- There will be 50 questions in the live knowledge assessment
- All questions should be attempted

#### Advice

- Do not spend too long on one question
- Read all questions thoroughly before starting your examination
- Mobile phones and watches must not be taken into the examination room. The examination must be conducted under examination conditions
- Cheating: you will be asked to leave the examination room and will be classified an automatic failure and referred to your employer

## THIS PAPER MUST NOT BE COPIED OR CIRCULATED WITHOUT THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF THE EUIAS



# Do not turn over the page or commence the knowledge test until the invigilator instructs you to

UET ST0159/AP02 ICA L3 – SAMPLE Practice Assessment V2.0 © 2021 Energy & Utility Skills Group



| Question 1                                  |   |        |
|---|---|--------|
| How should electrical isolation be applied? |   |        |
| Poss  | sible answers   | Answer |
| a)  | Use the emergency stop  |        |
| b)  | Follow company electrical isolation and lock off procedures               |        |
| c)  | Put insulating tape over the circuit breaker to stop accidental switch on |        |
| d)  | Switch off the local isolator   |        |

| Question 2  |                 |        |  |
|---|-----------------|--------|--|
| What procedure is used to inform employees about health and safety? |                 |        |  |
| Poss  | sible answers   | Answer |  |
| a)  | Risk assessment |        |  |
| b)  | Isolation       |        |  |
| c)  | Toolbox talk    |        |  |
| d)  | Site audit      |        |  |

| Question 3                        |                |        |  |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------|--|
| What is the formula for Ohms law? |                |        |  |
| Poss                              | sible answers  | Answer |  |
| a)                                | I = R × V      |        |  |
| b)                                | $I = R \div V$ |        |  |
| c)                                | I = V ÷ R      |        |  |
| d)                                | I = V × R      |        |  |



98.8 °F

#### Question 4

The image shows an electrical terminal as seen through a thermal image camera.

What is the most probable cause of the high temperature on this electrical terminal?

| Poss | sible answers      | Answer |   |
|------|--------------------|--------|---|
| a)   | Loose terminal     |        |   |
| b)   | Over voltage       |        |   |
| c)   | Over current       |        | t |
| d)   | Terminal too tight |        |   |

#### Question 5

In the image below the bridge circuit is balanced.

If R1 =  $200\Omega$ , R2 =  $550\Omega$  and R4 =  $100\Omega$ 

What is the value of R3?



| Poss | Answer |  |
|------|--------|--|
| a)   | 2000Ω  |  |
| b)   | 250Ω   |  |
| c)   | 450Ω   |  |
| d)   | 500Ω   |  |



| Question 6  |                         |  |  |
|---|-------------------------|--|--|
| What resistance reading would be expected across a serviceable PT100<br>RTD (Resistance Temperature Detector) at zero degrees centigrade? |                         |  |  |
| Poss  | Possible answers Answer |  |  |
| a)  | ΟΩ                      |  |  |
| b)  | 10Ω                     |  |  |
| c)  | 100Ω                    |  |  |
| d)  | 1000Ω                   |  |  |

| Que  | Question 7   |        |  |  |
|------|--|--------|--|--|
| Ther | Thermocouples are available in different types e.g. Type K thermocouple. |        |  |  |
| Wha  | t do the different 'types' indicate?                                     |        |  |  |
| Poss | sible answers  | Answer |  |  |
| a)   | Hazardous area applications  |        |  |  |
| b)   | Working range  |        |  |  |
| c)   | Response times   |        |  |  |
| d)   | Tolerances   |        |  |  |

| Question 8 |                                 |        |  |  |  |
|------------|---------------------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| Wha        | What does this green sign mean? |        |  |  |  |
| Poss       | sible answers                   | Answer |  |  |  |
| a)         | Prohibited behaviour            |        |  |  |  |
| b)         | Warning                         |        |  |  |  |
| c)         | Mandatory behaviour             |        |  |  |  |
| d)         | Information                     |        |  |  |  |



| Question 9   |                    |        |
|--|--------------------|--------|
| What is the proportional band of a controller commonly expressed as? |                    |        |
| Poss   | sible answers      | Answer |
| a)   | Gain               |        |
| b)   | Ratio              |        |
| c)   | Range of variables |        |
| d)   | Percentage         |        |

| Question 10  |                      |        |  |
|--|----------------------|--------|--|
| Which technique uses the concept of limiting the amount of energy at the hazardous area so that it is incapable of ignition? |                      |        |  |
| Poss   | sible answers        | Answer |  |
| a)   | Physical isolation   |        |  |
| b)   | Intrinsic safety     |        |  |
| c)   | Inhibit and override |        |  |
| d)   | Manual isolation     |        |  |

| Question 11                    |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| What is an 'As Built' drawing? |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poss                           | Answer                                   |  |  |  |  |
| a)                             | Design drawing                           |  |  |  |  |
| b)                             | Construction drawing                     |  |  |  |  |
| c)                             | Original drawing                         |  |  |  |  |
| d)                             | Updated revision of the original drawing |  |  |  |  |



| Question 12   |                       |  |  |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| What does UEL stand for when referring to hazardous gasses? |                       |  |  |  |
| Poss  | Answer                |  |  |  |
| a)  | Upper exposure limit  |  |  |  |
| b)  | Upper explosive limit |  |  |  |
| c)  | Under explosive limit |  |  |  |
| d)  | Under exposure limit  |  |  |  |

| Question 13                                 |   |        |          |  |  |  |
|---|---|--------|----------|--|--|--|
| What is wrong with this crimped connection? |   |        |          |  |  |  |
| Possible answers                            |   | Answer |          |  |  |  |
| a)  | Crimp too small for wire size           |        |          |  |  |  |
| b)  | Too much exposed wire at<br>entry point |        | <u>s</u> |  |  |  |
| c)  | Damaged crimp                           |        |          |  |  |  |
| d)  | Loose connection                        |        |          |  |  |  |









# End of Sample Practice Knowledge Assessment

UET ST0159/AP02 ICA L3 – SAMPLE Practice Assessment V2.0 © 2021 Energy & Utility Skills Group



# Sample Practice Knowledge Assessment

# Answer scheme

| Question | Answer | Question | Answer |
|----------|--------|----------|--------|
| 1        | A      | 9        | D      |
| 2        | С      | 10       | В      |
| 3        | С      | 11       | D      |
| 4        | А      | 12       | В      |
| 5        | С      | 13       | А      |
| 6        | С      | 14       | D      |
| 7        | В      | 15       | А      |
| 8        | D      |          |        |